ESTABLISHED AUGUST 24, 1852.

WHEELING, W. VA., SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 22, 1894.

VOLUME XLIII-NUMBER 26.

DESHA'S DIRK.

Breckinridge's Son Knifes One of His Father's Opponents.

A MURDER IS NARROWLY AVERTED.

Indications That Blood Will Flow in the Ashland District

AS A RESULT OF TWO ENCOUNTERS

One of Breckinridge's Supporters Insults Judge Kinkead on the Street and Invites a Challonge-He and Desha Breckinridge Show Signs of a Desire to Exterminate All the Owens Men-Excitement at Fover Heat and Fears that the Trouble is not

LEXINGTON, KY., Sept. 21. - Desha Breckinridge had a sensational altercation with James Duane Livingston, formerly of New York city, in the Phoenix Hotel at 5:30 this evening. Livingston was standing at the news and cigar stand reading an afternoon paper when Desha Breckinridge came, in and bought a package of cigarettes. Livingston spoke to Desha and extended his hand, saying: "It is all over now, we ought to be friends; shake hands."

Breckinridge, with an angry look on his face, roplied: "No; you one-horse

his face, replied: "No; you one-horse scoundrel, I will not take your hand. You profess to be a man's friend and then stab him in the back."

Livingston replied to this by saying that he had done nothing of the kind, when Breckinridge called him a "d—d liar." Then Livingston struck at Desha and kneeked his glasses off, following this up with a blow on the neck. Desha reached for his hip pocket, and instantly flashed in the air the long, bright blade of a big dirk. Both men were as paic as death. Livingston, in a moment of desperation, grabbed at the glittering blade, which Breckinridge had simed at his heart.

A NARROW ESCAPE.

A NARROW ESCAPE.

The knife went between the second and third fingers of Livingston's right hand, cutting the third finger to the bone. The cold steel sent a shudder through Livingstone's frame, and he grasped his right hand with his left in order to stop the terrible flow of blood that was dyeing the tiling of the lobby. Desha Breckinridge seemed to desire no more blood and gave Livingston two

no more blood and gave Livingston two strong kicks.

The hotel clerk and several bystanders rushed in and seized Breckinridge, and, at the same instant Matt Lane, a strong Breckinridge man, ran up and said he would take a hand in helping Desha. Two witnesses say, that Lane also flourished a big knife, but Lane denies this. A friend then took Livingston home in a buggy, and Desha Breckinridge went to his rooms across the street.

Just before the trouble occurred with Livingston, Desha and Lane, who were walking up Main street in front of the Breckinridge headquarters, met Judge George B. Kinkead, who made several speeches during the campaign, denouncing Colonel Breckinridge in the most scathing terms. Desha Breckinridge said to Judge Kinkead that the election was over and he wanted to tell him that he was a "d—d liar." He also applied several other vile epithets to the judge, who replied that he was unarmed and did not want to have any difficulty in the onest treets. Desha told him to go who replied that he was any difficulty in the open streets. Desha told him to go and arm himself and he would meet him anywhere or at any time. He repeated this several times.

A CRITICAL MOMENT.

Then Lane, who is a comparative etranger in Lexington, having recently come here from Mount Sterling, said, addressing the judge: "So this is Judge Annead is it? When you said that de-cent people would not outertain Colonel Breckinridge, you lied. My sister on-tertained him in Woodford county," and followed this up by applying to Kinkead an epithet which is unfit for

Judge Kinkend again said that he Judge Kinkead again said that he wanted no trouble on the street, and that he was not armed, when Lane threw his cost back and said that he was not armed either, and then repeated the language that he had previously used to the judge. Kinkead then walked on out the street toward his home. When seen by your correspondent Lane said: "Yes, I called him that, and I will fight him any way he wants to fight, and what is more, if

him that, and I will fight him any way
he wants to fight, and what is more, it
any of his friends want to take it up I
will fight them, too."

By this time a number of strong
Owens men, at least one of whom has
already killed his man, began to crowd
into the lobby of the hotel. One of
Colonel Breekinridge's friends, fearing
that there would be transhe with Lane. that there would be trouble with Lane, got J. Breckinridge Viley, a strong Breckinridge supporter, to go in and persuade Lane to leave the hotel. At lirst Lane declined to go, but after taking a drink with Viley, he listened to ing a drink with Viloy, he listened to the latter's advice and went home. Then the Owens men began to talk and one of them, who has the reputation of not knowing what fear is, said: "If Desha Breckinridge and his friends intend to exterminate all the men who worked for Owens, as they seem to want to do, they will have to enlarge the cametery. exterminate all the men who wanted for Owens, as they seem to want to do, they will have to cularge the countery. This sort of thing won't do, no matter how sore they are. They may just as well take their medicine."

HLOODSHED MAY FOLLOW.

J. Duane Livingston is a man of about thirty years, and is the financial agent of J. Kennedy Tod, owner of the

Kentucky Union Railroad.

Ho was a strong Owens man and worked night and day for the victorious candidate. He is from New York city, worked night and day the Vark city, and it is said, that he there belonged to Tammany. When seen by your correspondent, while his wound was being dressed, he said: "I took Desha's abuse that the country it until dressed, he said: "I took Desha's abuse and made no attempt to resent it until he called me a liar. Then I had to hit him. I think I saved myself from a fatal stab by grabbing his knife."

Judge Kinkend is a great grandson of Isane Shelby, the first governor of Kontucky, and is a first cousin of John T. Shelby. Colored Beschirtled's law

Shelby, Colonel Breckinridge's law partner, who slapped Attorney John-son in the face during the famous Pol-lard trial. Judge Kinkead is about

forty-two years old. He has always been considered a man of the highest physical courage, and everybody ex-pects that more blood will be shed be-fore this trouble is over.

JURY BRIBING

By the Wholesale the Subject of Sensa-tional Charges in an Allegheny County

PITTSBURGH, PA., Sept. 21,-Sensa tional charges in quarter sessions court were made against the grand incors in a petition filed by A. H. Rowand, jr., attorney for B. F. Gould, the presecuto in the case against John R. Murphy, director of the department of public safety of Allegheny, who is charged safety of Allogheny, who is charged with malfeasance in office. In the petition sworn to by Gould certain grand jurors and others are charged with corrupt solicitation. District Attorney Burleigh demanded the evidence or names of witnesses who equid give it, but Mr. Rowand refused both. The district attorney is indignant at this, as he thinks the restree is as of a correct week. trict attornoy is indignant at this, as he thinks the matter is so of so grave a public importance that nothing that would throw light on it should be concealed. Attorney Rowand asked that the case be sent to the grand jury for reconsideration. He stated that certain of the jurors had been appointed and others corrupted in the interest of Murphy; that one juror had approached Murphy for a job in consideration of his voting to return with an ingnoramus the bill against him; that one juror would be seen that the second services are sent to be seen to be seen to see the second services and the second services are sent to be seen to see the second services and services are sent to see the second services and services are sent to see the second second services are sent to see the second sec his voting to return with an ingnoramus the bill against him; that one juror named Murray had been charged in the grand jury room by a witness named Deeney with being bribed to ignore the bill; that a prominent federal street saloonkeeper had approached a juror and offered him money to vote against a true bill and was threatened by the juror that he would report the matter to the court, and that the grand jury, instead of considering the evidence against Murphy and giving it proper attention, went into matters foreign to the issue.

There were three or four affidavits purporting to sustain these charges presented with the petition. In a long interview with district attorney Burleigh he declares that the charges made by Attorney Rewand must be substantiated and a thorough investigation of the matter will be entered upon by his department.

THE ODD FELLOWS

The Patriarchs Militant Resolution Defented for the Third Time,

CHATTANOOGA, TENN., Sept. 21 .- At to-day's meeting of the Sovereign Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows, a motion to allow members of subordinate lodges to take the order of Patriarchs Militant, without being compelled to take intermediate degrees, was for the third time defeated.

defeated.

The question of making the minimum sick benefit one dollar instead of two dollars, as at present, was discussed, resolution to change was tabled and the

At the afternoon session the follow-At the attended session the colow-ing officers were elected for the ensuing year: A. L. Voorhis, Topeka, Kansas, president; John Reynolds, Indianapolis, Ind., vice president; J. Bourlett, Con-cord, N. H., secretary and treasurer.

STRANGE PHENOMENON.

Big Chunks of Kansas Caving In-Unaccountable Occurrence

WICHITA, KAN., Sept. 21 .- Land is caving in toward the center of the earth in the vicinity of the junction of Harver, Butler and Marion counties, in this state. Great excitement preusils among the people and many of them among the people and many of them are getting away. The disasters are of the most unaccountable origin, and the state officials have been summoned to investigate the disturbance of the

earth.

There was no shock felt when the earth caved in nor did it bear any resemblance to an earthquake. Near Whitewater, on the farm of Thomas Essington, an area of 40 by 90 feet sunk to a depth of 28 feet and when a man was let down into the hole, his weight alone sunk it nearly three feet more. Cave-ins of from 20 to 40 feet are reported from other places.

A DUEL TO THE DEATH.

Terrible Combat of Two Octoroons Over a

White Lover.
Swift, Ala., Sept. 21.—Edmonia Anderson and Irene Washington, two octoroons, fought a duel to the death last night with knives. The cause of the duel was a white man, Bon Olson, whose affections both claimed. The two fought like tigresses until the Washington woman fell dying with twenty-one stab wounds. The Anderson woman, whom Olson discarded, then stabbed herself to the heart. Olson has

TWO WHITE MEN

Hanged in South Carolina for an Atroclous

COLUMBIA, S. C., Sept 21,-John and Sasper Atkins, white, were hanged at Winneboro, S. C., to-day for the murder of William Clamp, also white, on Februnry 10, 1893. They died without a tremor, but neither admitted their guilt. The murder was an atroclous one. They killed Clamp in order that John might live with Clamp's wife and Jasper with his daughter, and between them divide up what little property the dead man had

A Town Budly Damaged. St. Paul, Sept. 21.—The town of Leroy, Minn., is reported to have been partially ruined by a cyclone late this afternoon. The telegraph operator at McIntyre reports that were killed at Loroy and that the east-ern part of the town is badly damaged. A fire about the same time destroyed a hotel and three stores.

Killed by a Train.

COLUMBUS, O., Sept. 21.-Mrs. H. L. Jewell, of Greely, Col., and Misses Mab el and Helen Stutz, of London, O., while in a buggy to-day at London, were struck by a Big Four train, killing Mrs. Jewell and fatally wounding the other two women.

OMAHA, NEB., Sopt. 21.—A special to the Bee from Weeping Water, Neb., says: The Commercial bank closed its doors this morning. It has deposits of about \$22,000 and \$39,000 in loans.

GRATEFUL BRITISHERS

Will Banquet William L. Wilson in Appre clatton of What He is Doing in the Way of Legislating for English Interests.

LONDON, Sept. 21.—The chamber of commerce is to banquet Congressman W. L. Wilson, of West Virginia, on Thursday next, September 27. The United States ambassador, Mr. Thomas F. Bayard; Mr. J. Sterling Morton, secretary of agriculture; Congressman Isldor Straus, of New York, and other prominent Americans will be present.

ANOTHER FAKE NAILED.

The Davis Coal Company Denies Actions
Attributed to It by a Register Correspondent.

In yesterday's Register appeared a communication from Davis, W. Va., signed "Free Trader," charging that the Davis Coal Company was being manipulated in Republican interests.

manipulated in Republican interests.
The following statement was also made:
"Shortly after the ways and means committee reported the Wilson bill, with coal on the free list, the Davis company cut wages in some of its mines and announced that the cut was on account of proposed free trade in coal. Some time afterwards ex-Senator Davis issued a circular on the coal question in which he showed, if I remember correctly, that sil the protection needed was about 35 or 40 cents per ton. The senate bill is now the law, but we have heard nothing of a restoration of wages, although the protection afforded is all that the operators claimed they needed. I do not blame the Davis company for getting labor as cheap as it can. It sells its coal for what it can get for what it can. But I do blame it for trying to fool the men by attributing it to the tariff and above all I blame the men or allowing themselves to be fooled."

Last night the INTELLIGENCER received the following telegram from the general manugér of the Davis Coal Company,

the following telegram from the general manager of the Davis Coal Company, which explains itself: Thomas, W. Va., Sept. 21.

To the Editor of the Intelligencer.

The statements made by Davis cor-respondent in Registor of to-day, con-cerning this company and its officers, are false in every particular. F. S. LANDSTREET.
General Manager Davis Coal and Coke

Works.

This circumstance is only another instance in the Democratic campaign of misrepresentation.

HE FOUND OUT

That the Register Isu't Authority on Wool Prices-How a Democratic Fake

pectal Dispatch to the Intelligeness.

FAIRMANT, W. VA., Sept. 21.—The West Virginian publishes the following to-day: Mr. M. E. Fetty, near Worthington, was in town on Wednesday and called at our office. He came down to called at our office. He came down to see if he could find a buyer for his wool, having learned from some one who had probably been reading the Wheeling Register that the price had advanced. He has on hands the clip of two years—this year and last—in all 400 fleeces, or 2,000 pounds. He would be glad to dispose of it at 18 cents per pound, but he fears he will have to sell at 15 cents, this being all he was offered on Wednesday.

State Capital Notes.

Special Dispatch to the Int CHARLESTON, W. VA., Sept. 21.—Gov. MacCorklo pardoned George Flack, serving an eight months' sentence in the Kanawha jail for unlawful shooting. The reason for the pardon is that Flack has been troubled with his eyes and Dr. V. T. Churchman informed the and Dr. V. T. Churchman informed the governor if the man be kept in confinement his eyesight would be totally destroyed. The pardon was recommended by Judge C. P. Snyder, who sentenced him, the man who was shot and a large number of citizons.

The secretary of state to-day chartered the Loch Lynn Hotel Company; principal offices, Wheeling. The hotel is to be located at Loch Lynn, Md.

Au Old Citizen Gone.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.
FAIRMONT, W. VA., Sept. 21.—Joab Floming, aged ninety-one years, died last night at Monongah from old age. His wife died about two weeks ago, If is wife died about two wooss us, aged ninety-two. They had been married over sixty-eight years and lived all the community. Mr. their lives in this community. Mr. Fleming is the last male descendant of the third generation of Flemings in this portion of the state.

Didn't Start.

BIRMINGHAM, ALA., Sept. 21.—A large number of negroes to be shipped to Massillon, Ohio, to take the place of strikers, were disappointed owing to a misunderstanding as to rates.

Trensury Cash.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 21.—At the close of business to-day the not cash in the treasury was \$125,763,175, of which \$58,005,027 represented the gold reserve.

BRIEFS FROM THE WIRES. The National Letter Carriers' Association will meet in Philadelphia next

Brakeman William Shannon, of Syra cuse, was killed, and Fireman C E. Lambkin seriously hurt by an acci-dent on the West Shore at Buffslo, N. Y.

At the session of the carpenters' inter-national convention it was decided not to make war on the Knights of Labor Amalgamated Chicago unless they strike first.

The monument erected to the memory of Major Andre by Cyrus W. Field at Tappan, N. Y., has been set up again by citizens, after baving been twice destroyed by dynamite by flery patriots.

The United States expedition to Alaska discovered coal voins 12 feet thick. A new peak in the Mount Elias Alps was discovered. It is 12,000 feet high, and was named Mount Hamilin in honor of Assistant Secretary of the Treasury Hamilin.

A fresh shipment of flrearms has A fresh supposed of freems has been made to Union county, Kentucky, to arm the taxpayers of Lindle and Casoyville precincts, who are resisting the collection of the railroad tax. About 700 are now armed with Winchesters and dynamite, and they are spatiently awaiting the arrival of Collector Blackwell and his 100 armed deputies.

A DIFFERENT VIEW

Of the Great Naval Conflict off the Yalu River.

CHINESE VERSION OF THE FIGHT

Makes Out That Four Japanese Vessels Wore Destroyed, Though the Losses are Stated as Uncertain-The Battle was Furious all Along the Line-Chinese Gunners had a Special Spite at the Naniwa, Which Sunk the Kow Shing-Some Good Long Range Firing.

LONDON, Sept. 22.—A dispatch to the Times from Tien Tein, dated September 21, gives an additional account of the naval battle off the Yalu. It says: The Chinese fleet arrived off the Yalu and remained ten miles outside the mouth of the river while the transports un-

The Chinese admiral opened fire at 6,000 metres. The fire of both sides fell short until the two squadrons were within the effective range of 5,000 metres. The Chinese endeavored to come to close quarters, but they were prevented from doing so by the superior speed of the Japanese ships, which, keeping for the most part two miles off,

manœuvred admirably and made splen-did practice with their long range and quick firing guns.

The Chinese cruiser Chih Yuen, Cap-tain Tang Chichang, early in the day closed with one of the enemy's ships at full speed, intending to ram her. full speed, intending to ram her. Whether she rammed or torpedoed her the Japanese ship turned over and sank. Four Japanese vessels then closed around the Chih Yuen, which was ripped up by shots under the waterline and sunk with all hands, in-

Meanwhile the battle raged furiously around the flagship Ting Yuen and her consort the Chen Yuen. McKells, gunnery officer of the Ting Yuen, was killed.

Some of the Chinese gunuers devoted Some of the Chinese gunuers devoted their attention specially to the Naniwa, the vessel that sunk the Chinese transport Kow Shing, and succeeded in setting her on fire, but the officers did not see her sink.

At 5 o'clock the five Japanese ships still engaged in the fifth turned and field. The Chinese pursued but failed to exercise them.

to overtake them.

The Japanese losses are uncertain. The Japanese losses are uncertain. Nobody was able to see the whole action, but from a comparison of the testimony it seems certain that four Japanese ships were destroyed and the remainder of the fleet badly maimed.

A NOBLE EMPRESS. The Wife of the Mikade of Japan En-

gaged in Red Cross Work—Her Humane Care for the Wounded of Both Armies. WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 21 .- Dis patches received at the Japanese legation here shortly before noon to-day give further confirmation of the sea fight off Yalu and add the interesting information that the empress of Japan, as chief patroness of the Red Cross Society in that country, is personally engaged daily with her court ladies in preparing bandages, lints, etc., for the wounded Chinese, as well as Japanese, engaged in the recent great battles of Ping Yang and Yalu. The dispatch places the Chinese loss at Yalu at four vessels sunk and one burned, and says the Japanese fleet was comparatively uninjured. It is stated further in these dispatches that the enthusiam among all classes in Japan is very great.

A NOBLE EMPRESS The activity of the empress in personally directing the humane work of the Red Cross, while the emperor has gone to the front, is a source of pride among the Japanese officials here. They say the empress secured the introduction of the Red Cross in Japan about twelve years ago. When the Kagoshima war broke out in 1877 she sent an immense quantity of lint of her own preparation for the use of the wounded soldiers. It is noted, also, that in her present Red Cross work, she does not confine her humane offices to the Japanese wounded, but to the enemy as well, who happen just now to be most in need of such relief.

The empress' labors during the war are in line with those in which she has been identified in peaceful times. She practices silk culture in her house in order to share in the labors of the poor silk workers of Japan. She is also the head of the charitable and educational movements, the girls' normal sheel the girls' high school and the gone to the front, is a source of pride

tional movements, the girls' normal school, the girls' high school, and the Tokio charitable hospital.

NO NAVAL ATTACHE

Secretary Herbert has decided to send no naval attache to Japan or China, as was at first contemplated. The war de-partment has detailed a military attache partment has detailed a military attache to the legation at Tokic to secure in-formation from a professional stand-point for the benefit of our army. Sec-retary Herbert, however, believes that the risk assumed by a naval attache would be too great to warrant a detail, would be too great to warrant a detail, although there is no lack of volunteers among the naval officers. The military attache would be reasonably safe at the headquarters of the field marshals. the headquarters of the near marshus, but a naval attache, if conscientiously in pursuit of information, would be obliged to go aboard the flagships during hostile engagements and would be exposed to almost certain death in the event of the sinking of his ship. So the navy department will rely for information upon the officers on our ships in allowing as agents of the Asia who are acting as agents of the naval intelligence office, and Admiral Carpenter has been instructed to afford these officers every proper opportu-nity in the pursuit of their object.

The Chinese Losses. LONDON, Sopt. 21 .- A dispatch from

Shanghai dated September 21 says the commanding officers of four of the Chinese warships were killed at the Tall river. Admired was wounded in the cheek and the leg, but in neither case seriously. Five of the transport ships are still missing. Three Chinese transporte are reported to have been captured. All of the Chinese war, it is the Fourth district.

ships that were not sunk were badly damaged. The Japanese ships are pre-paring for another attack.

Chinese Diplomats Not Worrying. LONDON, Sept. 22.—The Standard's correspondent at Berlin says: The Chinese diplomats here are less dismayed at the news from Korea than might be expected. They declare that the importance of the Japanese victory at Ping Yang has been over-rated, but they admit that the Chinese general made a great mistake in not waiting for Li Hung Chang's 60,000 disciplined

men who were coming overland.

With regard to foreign intervention, the correspodent aids it is now out of the question. China will want to avenge herself and will devote the win-ter to preparations for a long campaign. Another Rumor

here that the Chinese transports Chin Tung, Hasting, Psingu and Toonan while landing troops in the Yalu river were captured by the Japanese, but there is absolutely nothing definite known as to the fate of those on board.

SHANGHAI, Sept. 22 .- It is rumored

M. P. CONFERENCE. The Report on the Thompson Case Warns Ilim to be More Discreet,

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

Steubenville, Ohio., Sept. 21.—At to day's session of the M. P. conference the educational committee recommended continuing a committee to locate a college at West Lafayette and favored the church accepting the offer of Millionaire Mather, of Kansas City, of land and money aggregating two hundred thousand dollars for university pur-poses, on condition that the church raises twenty-five thousand dollars.

The temperance resolutions are non-partisan. They pledge support to all men and organizations to abolish the liquor traffic. This was the minority report. The majority report did not favor such support and was voted down.

down.

W. E. Thompson's case as presented by the committee on grievances was adopted.

Members of the Fostoria congregation gave testimony before the commit-tee of his marrying a quadroon. The report said, "After considering work, which has been good, we find in some particulars he has been indiscreet. As there is not sufficient evidence upon which to formulate the charges against his moral or ministerial character we recommend that he be exonerated, trusting he will be more discreet here-

THE WHISKY TRUST

Reaches a Crisis in Its Existence—A Secret Meeting of the Directors.

PRORIA, ILL., Sopt. 21.—Just how serious the crisis is that confronts the whisky trust may be imagined when it is known that the directors were summoned by wire to a special meeting to-

moned by wire to a special meeting today, although the regular meeting
would have been held Tuesday.

The officials are very secretive as to
what is being done, but President
Greenbut says be knows of nothing
that would require an immediate dissolution of the company. The present
trouble is not caused by the court decision in Chicago, since that has been
appealed to the supreme court, but is
precipitated by the Eastern Distributing company. It is believed that it
has the trust where it can squeeze it
and is making the most of the opportunity. Its alleged anxiety about the re-

ndd is making the most of the opportu-nity. Its alleged anxiety about the re-bate vouchers is only a cloak for its ef-forts to secure further concessions from the trust in its hour of extremity. Late this evening the directors of the Distilling and Cattle Feeding Company adjourned, until temperary without adjourned until to-morrow without reaching any conclusion.

THE CLOTHING STRIKE.

The Garment Workers Determined—Con tractors Sympathize With Them.

Boston, Mass., Sept. 21 .- The determination of the striking garment workers to fight for what they consider their rights has not grown less during the

They have held many meetings and each one seems to have given them fresh courage, and several hopeful signs has been noted. Most important among these is the growing certainty that the sympathy of the contractors is with the strikers.

The contractors were in continu-

ous session from early morning un-til right late this afternoon discussing the scale of prices to be presented to the manufacturers, and the prices finally agreed upon raise the wages of the employes from 50 to 60 per cent, and will be practically a restoration of wages paid before business depression set in a year ago.

PROBABLY EXAGGERATED.

The Fortune of Henry Lewis of this State Said to Have Heen \$3,000,000. PITTSBURGH, PA., Sopt. 21.—Mrs. Thomas Morton, wife of Conductor Morton, of the Atwood branch of the Duquesno electric line, has fallen heir ess to an estate valued at about \$3,000,-

oos to an estate values a book cook.

Oo0 through the death of her uncle,

Henry Lowis, of West Virginia.

Mr. Lowis died about one year ago.

Within the past fifty years he had accumulated a great deal of real estate through the south. The news of the will was received by Mrs Mortou a short time ago from relatives in Philadelphia. Both he and his wife have been very quiet about the matter, but the news leaked out and their friends are congratuating them. ulating them.

The Wage Struggle at Fall River. FALL RIVER, MASS., Sopt. 21 .- Only a few weavers are at work in the Seaconnet mills to-day and all of these are non-union operatives. Just how many of the mill decline to state. The union

of the mill decline to state. The union has stationed pickets about the mill to stop all who show any inclination to return.

At the Durfee mill the full number of the employes of the card room are at work. Both the weavers and spinners' unions are naving strike wares tesley. work. Both the weaters and spinners unions are paying strike wages to-day and each will distribute nearly \$5,000. Leaders of the strikers state emphatically that they will not return to work at reduced wages.

WILSON'S CAMPAI**gn**

Opened at Grafton to a Small and Unappreciative Audience

BY THE FEDERAL OFFICE-HOLDER

Who Assists Commissioner Lochren in the Administration of the Pension Office-Col, Arnett, of this City. Also Speaks-Extensive Advertising Falls to Draw a Crowd-Deputy Commissioner Bell Appeals for a Continuance of the Fight for Free

GRAPTON, W. VA., Sept. 21.-At a meeting held in the Opera House ere to-night Hon. H. C. Bell, deputy pension commissioner, and Col. W. W. Arnett, of Wheeling, sounded the toe-sin of free trade for their client, Wm. L. Wilson, who is now across the seas enjoying the hospitality of his British patrons. The interest felt in the campaign in this district and the extensive advertisement of this meeting was calculated to draw a big crowd, but it seems the people hereabouts are not enthusiastic over Democratic apologies and renewed promises, etc., as the opera house was only about balf filled, and before the speaking ended at least two-thirds of those present left the house. All the same it was an iq-

the house. All the same it was an interesting meeting, interesting and significant to the people of this district in the determination of the Democratic party, as voiced by the speakers, to carry on its warfare against the present industrial system of the country until a pure tariff for revenue only shall have been established.

Mr. Bell led off with the principal speech of the evening and he boldly threw down the gauntlet of free trade, and pled for the re-election of Mr. Wilson to Congress that the fight against every protective feature of the tariff might go on. He said he was frank to confess that the present tariff bill was not as radical as he liked, but it was a step in the right direction, which would immediately be followed by further and more radical reductions in tariff duties if Mr. Wilson were re-elected, and a Democratic majority returned to Congress. He begged his Democratic brethren not to desert the Democratic ship in these times that have tried Democratic souls, and he concluded, with a peroration in which he conjured Democrats to return to the charge of battle with freedom of trade as their Democrats to return to the charge of battle with freedom of trade as their

war cry.

Col. Arnott spoke briefly somewhat
in the same strain, injecting a little incidental protection into his discussion,
while he touched up the unconstitu-

while he touched up the unconstitutionality of all protective duties.

The numerous and hasty departures
during the course of the speeches left
but a handfull of people present when
Col. Arnott closed, demonstrating that
this first effort to stir up enthusiasm
for Mr. Wilson and free trade was a
dismal failure.

Capabart in War Paint.
Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.
HUNTINGTON, W. VA., Sept. 21.—The Democratic convention to be held here to-morrow to select congressional delegates will be run by Capehart men, who will have their delegates appointed it possible. Capehart is out after revenge and is attempting to secure control of the congressional convention so that he can dictate the nomination and then revenge himself on certain parties who opposed him.

The Republican Committee.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.
GRAFTON, W. VA., Sept. 21,—The Republican state executive committee and other prominent Republicans met here to-night. There were present S. B. te-night. There were present S. B. Elkins, John W. Mason, William M. O. Dawson, N. B. Scott, Colonel John K. Thompson, P. B. Dobbins, Thomas E. Davis and others. The plan of campaign was mapped out. From reports received it appears that Ropublican prespects in West Virginia this year are very bright.

are very bright. Steamship Arrivals. Steamably Arrivals.

New York—Diana, from Hamburg,
Gravesoud—Colorado, from New York.
Liverpool—Germanic and Normandic,
Kow York.
Glasgow—Norwegian, from New York.
Queenstown—Etruria, from New York.
Queenstown—Etruria, from New York.

Weather Forecast for To-day,
For West Virginia, Western Penusylvania and
Ohio, fair; south winds.
THE TEMPERATURE YEFFERDAY
as furnished by C. SCHNEPP, druggist, corner
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